

Esto ya lo toqué mañana

*für Flöte, Klarinette und Bassklarinette, Sopran- und
Altsaxophon, Klavier, Schlagzeug, Violine & Violoncello*

Basiert auf die Erzählung "Der Verfolger" von Julio Cortazar

Ramón Górigoitia

2014

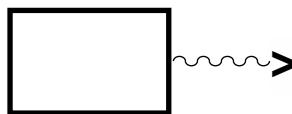
Komponiert für das Ensemble Taller sonoro aus Sevilla

a Nina



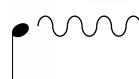
Nomenclatura de símbolos:

S.M. = Senza Misura / sin Metro

 = Modulo de material repetitivo -duración en seg.
(in Tempo rubatto)

 = lo más rápido posible

 = altura indeterminada / Efecto de articulación

 = Frecuencia fluctuante / Efecto prolongado

 = ritmo ritardando

 = Glissando cromático o diatónico

 = Glissando indefinido o accidental

Allgemeine Erleuterungen zu diesem Werk:

Ausgehend von der Erzählung "El perseguidor" (dt. Der Verfolger) des argentinischen Schriftstellers Julio Cortázar entwickle ich eine Art Psychogramm der Zentralfigur dieser Erzählung, des fiktiven Saxophonisten Johnny Carter. In einprägsamen Szenen und Dialogen porträtiert Cortázar einen genialen und zugleich selbstzerstörerischen Jazz-Musiker, der über der Suche nach einer von ihm nur andeutungsweise geschilderten Lebenswahrheit, bzw. -intensität außerhalb von Raum und Zeit, zugrunde geht.

Nur wenig verfremdet, und mit der Widmung *in memoriam Ch. P.* Versehen, erzählt Cortázar hier in Wirklichkeit vom letzten Lebensabschnitt des schwarzen und seit seiner Jugend heroinabhängigen Jazz-Saxophonisten Charlie Parker (1920-1955), der als Erfinder und maßgeblicher Wegbereiter des Bebop gilt.

Die psychopathischen Phasen des Charlie Parkers werden durch die fragmentarische Transkription eines Elektroenzephalogramms (EEG) angedeutet. Die abwechselnden Amplituden der graphischen Darstellung von elektro-magnetischen Impulsen des menschlichen Gehirns im EEG zeichnen sich durch große Intervallsprünge und extremer Dichte der Instrumentaltextur aus. Die Verwendung von zwei weiteren Vorlagen, die Titel "Parkers Mood" und eine Solotranskription von "Out of nowhere", dienen dazu, die Virtuosität und das Umfeld der Zentralfigur zu schildern. Beide Titel werden ihrerseits strikt nach der Vorlagentranskription neu "arrangiert" und aus ihrem funktionsharmonischen Kontext allmählich heraus katapultiert, um sie mit den instabilen psychopathischen Momenten des Charlie Parkers zu verknüpfen.

Der Titel „*Esto ya lo toqué mañana*“ - auf Deutsch: „Das habe ich bereits morgen gespielt“ - ist charakteristisch für die Äußerungen der Zentralfigur, der durch das Spielen seines Instrumentes zu neuen bis dato noch unergründeten Wegen der Jazzimprovisation vordringt und dadurch jeglichen Bezug zur Realität verliert.

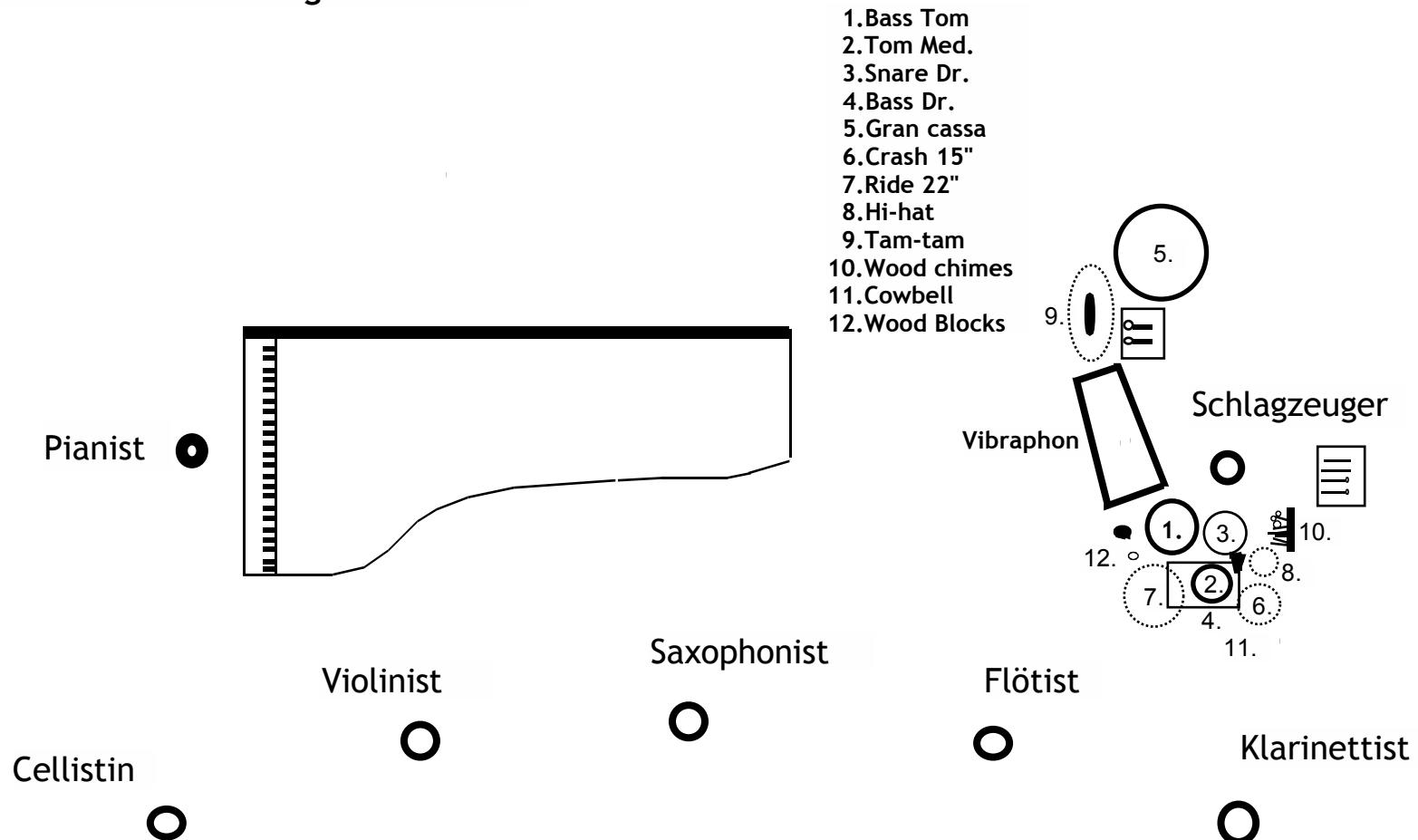
Zwei weitere Merkmale sind die literarisch-semantischen Aspekte der Erzählung Cortazars, die sich in der szenisch-musikalischen Handlung widerspiegeln sowie die Anlehnung an den von Parker hochgeschätzten Komponisten Charles Ives. Eine Kantilene aus Ives "Unanswered Question" dient als treibende Stimmung in der Coda, die in Analogie zum Epilog von Cortazars Erzählung vom Tode des Saxophonisten Johnny Carter in New York erzählt.

Gewidmet meiner Frau Nina

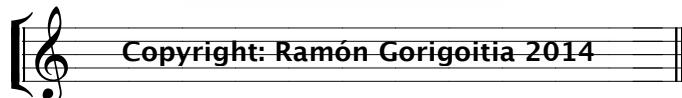


Ramón Gorigoitia, Januar 2014

Instrumentarium und Aufstellung im Raum:



Publikum



Esto ya lo toqué mañana

1

Partitura en Do*Requiem a Charlie Parker - basado en "El Perseguidor" de Julio Cortazar***Ramón Gorigoitia**

Time: 0" S.M.

Flauta C

Clarinete Bb

Sopransax Bb

Piano

Snare Dr.

Percusión

Violín

Violoncello

(solo aire) *pp*

(con una lengüeta de Saxofón con sutileza sobre las cuerdas)

p *mf*

arco *tr*

arco

f

ppp *pp* *pp* *p* *mp* *mf*

pp *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp*

attacca brutal

2

Piano

ff

10

9

10

11

9

7

9

(muta a Altosax)

ff

secco

(golpeando las cuerdas esporadicamente con la yema de los dedos)

(soltando el Pedal con estruendo)

f

(sin Pedal)

(dejar rebotar la baqueta sobre la membrana)

(cambia a)

ff

sul Pont.

9

ff

7

9

7

7

9

mf < ff <

al Talón

sul Pont.

7

ff

$\text{♩} = 88$

leggieramente

3

Musical score page 3, featuring six staves of music for different instruments. The score includes:

- Top Staff:** Two staves for a string instrument (likely cello or double bass). The first staff uses a treble clef, and the second staff uses a bass clef. Both staves are in common time (indicated by '4'). The tempo is $\text{♩} = 88$. Dynamics include mf , mp , and slurs. Measure 3 shows eighth-note patterns with grace notes.
- Second Staff:** An alto saxophone part, indicated by the label "Altosax". It uses a soprano clef and common time (4). Dynamics include mf and mp . Measure 3 shows sixteenth-note patterns.
- Third Staff:** A bassoon part, indicated by the label "Bassoon" and "Bb". It uses a bass clef and common time (4). Dynamics include mf and mp . Measure 3 shows eighth-note patterns.
- Fourth Staff:** A piano part, indicated by the label "Piano". It uses a soprano clef and common time (4). Dynamics include mf and mp . Measure 3 shows eighth-note patterns.
- Fifth Staff:** A cello part, indicated by the label "Cello". It uses a bass clef and common time (4). Dynamics include f and pp . Measure 3 shows sixteenth-note patterns.
- Sixth Staff:** A violin part, indicated by the label "Violin". It uses a soprano clef and common time (4). Dynamics include $sffz$, f , $sul G$, $Gliss.$, mf , $arco$, mf , mf , sfz , and $Pizz.$. Measure 3 shows various performance techniques like pizzicato, sul ponte, glissando, and arco.

Measure 3 concludes with a dynamic marking **Ride 22"**.

7

mf

mf

f

mf

divisi

mf

f

mf

f

mf

Crash 15"

Wood Blocks

mf

arco

f

Pizz.

ff

f

Pizz.

f

arco

mf

Gliss.

f

This page contains six staves of musical notation for orchestra. The first three staves are for strings: Violin I (top), Violin II, and Cello/Bass. The fourth staff is for Wood Blocks. The fifth staff is for Double Bass. The sixth staff is for a Crash Cymbal. The notation includes various dynamics (mf, f, ff, pp), articulations (tr, divisi, arco, Pizz.), and performance instructions (Crash 15", Gliss.). Measure 7 begins with sustained notes in the strings, followed by eighth-note patterns. The Wood Block part features eighth-note chords. The Double Bass part has sustained notes. The Crash Cymbal part has a sustained note. Measures 8-9 show more eighth-note patterns in the strings, with dynamic changes and woodshed-like patterns in the Wood Block and Double Bass parts. Measure 10 concludes with sustained notes in the strings and a final dynamic instruction for the Double Bass.

5

10

Musical score page 5, staff 10. The score consists of six staves:

- Staff 1:** Treble clef, 4/4 time. Dynamics: *mp*, *tr*. Articulations: slurs, grace notes.
- Staff 2:** Treble clef, 4/4 time. Dynamics: *mp*, *mf*.
- Staff 3:** Treble clef, 4/4 time. Dynamics: *mf*.
- Staff 4:** Bass clef, 3/4 time. Dynamics: *f*.
- Bass Dr. (Bass Drum) staff:** Bass clef, 4/4 time. Dynamics: *mp*. Articulation: *Hi-hat*.
- Staff 6:** Treble clef, 4/4 time. Dynamics: *mf*, *Pizz.* Articulation: *Pizz.*

Measure 10 starts with a rest followed by a dynamic *mp*. The first three measures feature eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. Measure 4 begins with a dynamic *mf*. Measures 5 and 6 show bass clef staves with eighth-note patterns. The Bass Dr. staff has a dynamic *mp* and a *Hi-hat* instruction. The final measure (Measure 10) includes dynamics *mf* and *Pizz.* Articulations include slurs and grace notes throughout the section.

15

mf

mp

f

Pizz.

arco

Gliss.

mf

f

mf

v.

Ride 22"

Tom Med.

Bass Tom

arco

Gliss.

$\text{♩} = 48$ *marcatissimo*

7

Musical score page 7, featuring six staves of music for different instruments. The score includes:

- Top Staff:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Dynamics: *ff*, *ff*, *ff*. Measure numbers: 10, 7, 9.
- Second Staff:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures 9, 7, 9.
- Third Staff:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures 7, 9, 7.
- Bass Clef Staff:** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures 9, 7, 9.
- Fourth Staff:** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Dynamics: *ff*, *ff*, *ff*. Measure numbers: 7, 9, 7.
- Fifth Staff:** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Dynamics: *mf*, *mp*, *f*, *mf*, *ff*. Measure numbers: 10, 9, 7, 9, 10.
- Sixth Staff:** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp (F#). Dynamics: *ff*, *ff*, *ff*. Measure numbers: 9, 7, 9, 10.

Performance instructions:

- Crash 15"**: A dynamic instruction with a cross symbol and a curved arrow pointing to the bass staff.
- lasc. vib.**: A dynamic instruction with a wavy line symbol.
- Wood Chimes**: An instruction with a hand icon and a wavy line symbol.

8

20

 $\text{♩} = 88$

10 10 11 3

7 7 5

ff *f* *mf*

mp *mf*

9 9 7

9 9

Pizz. sempre *f*

9

Musical score page 9, featuring six staves of music. The top three staves are for treble clef instruments, with the first staff in G major and the second and third in A major. The fourth staff is for bass clef instruments. The fifth staff is for a percussive instrument, and the bottom two staves are for bass clef instruments.

The score includes dynamic markings such as *mf*, *f*, and *pizz.*. The first staff has a melodic line with grace notes and slurs. The second staff features eighth-note patterns. The third staff includes sixteenth-note patterns. The fourth staff shows sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The fifth staff is labeled "Wood Blocks" and includes eighth-note patterns. The bottom two staves show sustained notes and eighth-note patterns.

24

mf

f

mf

mf

3

3

3

3

3

Ride 22"

mp

arco

f

Pizz. sempre

f

11

Musical score for a multi-instrument ensemble, page 11. The score consists of five staves, each with a different instrument's part. The instruments include a woodwind or brass instrument (top staff), a second woodwind or brass instrument (second staff), a third woodwind or brass instrument (third staff), a bassoon or tuba (fourth staff), and a timpani or crash cymbal (fifth staff). The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure 11 starts with a dynamic *f*. Measures 12 and 13 continue with various note patterns and dynamics, including *ff* and *fff*. Measure 14 features a dynamic *ff* and a performance instruction "Crash 15''. Measure 15 concludes with dynamics *f*, *ff*, *arco*, *Gliss.*, and *fff*.

Measure 11: *f*

Measure 12: *f*

Measure 13: *ff*

Measure 14: *ff* (Crash 15'')

Measure 15: *f*, *ff*, *arco*, *Gliss.*, *fff*

Hi-hat

Crash 15"

30

ff *mf* *p* *pp*

f *mp* *pp*

f *mf* *mp* *p* *pp*

fff *f* *ff* *Gliss.* *Pizz.* *mf*

sul C *f* *mp*

molto vibrato

Pizz. sempre

13

Musical score page 13, featuring six staves of music. The score includes dynamic markings such as *mp*, *mf*, *f*, *cresc.*, and *R.S.* Articulations include slurs, grace notes, and accents. Measure 35 is indicated above the staff. Measures 13 and 35 show complex rhythmic patterns and harmonic changes. The bass staff includes a performance instruction "R.S." with a circled repeat sign. The score concludes with a dynamic marking *f*.

legato

p

legato

p

mp

mf

f

mf

Cowbell

mf

cresc.

p

f

$\text{♩} = 48$ *Agitato brutal*

15

41

ff

ff

f

sfpz

f

ff

arco

ff

16

 $\text{♩} = 88$

Musical score page 16, featuring six staves of music for different instruments. The score includes:

- Staff 1 (Top):** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one flat. Dynamics: *ff*, *f*, *ff*. Measures 7-10.
- Staff 2:** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Measures 7-10.
- Staff 3:** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one flat. Dynamics: *ff*, *f*. Measures 7-10.
- Staff 4:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Measures 7-10.
- Staff 5:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Measure 11: **Vibráfono** (Vibraphone) part. Dynamics: *mf*.
- Staff 6 (Bottom):** Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one flat. Dynamics: *ff*, *f*. Measures 7-10.
- Staff 7:** Bass clef, 4/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Measures 7-10.

Measure numbers 7, 9, 10, 5, 3, and 6 are indicated above specific measures across the staves. Performance instructions include slurs, grace notes, and dynamic markings like *pizz.* and *sfpz.*

17

45

45

mf

f

mf

f

mf

ff

ff

Pizz. sempre

Gliss.

Gliss.

mp

f

ff

5 3

3

3

3

{voz gacial}

ff

f

f

ff

f

ff

5

f

ff

arco

f

5

3

ff

ff

19

51

Musical score for strings, page 19, measure 51.

The score consists of ten staves of music for string instruments. The dynamics and articulations are as follows:

- Measure 1: **ff** (fortissimo) dynamic.
- Measure 2: **ff** dynamic, followed by **Gliss.** (glissando) and **sim.** (simile).
- Measure 3: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 4: **f** dynamic.
- Measure 5: **fff** dynamic.
- Measure 6: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 7: **fff** dynamic.
- Measure 8: **f** dynamic.
- Measure 9: **Pizz.** (pizzicato) dynamic.
- Measure 10: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 11: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 12: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 13: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 14: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 15: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 16: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 17: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 18: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 19: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 20: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 21: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 22: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 23: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 24: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 25: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 26: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 27: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 28: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 29: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 30: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 31: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 32: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 33: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 34: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 35: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 36: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 37: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 38: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 39: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 40: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 41: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 42: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 43: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 44: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 45: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 46: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 47: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 48: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 49: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 50: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 51: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 52: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 53: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 54: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 55: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 56: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 57: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 58: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 59: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 60: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 61: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 62: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 63: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 64: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 65: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 66: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 67: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 68: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 69: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 70: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 71: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 72: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 73: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 74: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 75: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 76: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 77: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 78: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 79: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 80: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 81: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 82: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 83: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 84: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 85: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 86: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 87: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 88: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 89: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 90: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 91: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 92: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 93: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 94: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 95: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 96: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 97: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 98: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 99: **ff** dynamic.
- Measure 100: **ff** dynamic.

20

A page of musical notation for a multi-instrument ensemble, labeled measure 20. The score consists of six staves, each with a different clef and key signature. The instruments include a treble clef staff, a bass clef staff, a treble clef staff with a double bar line, a bass clef staff with a double bar line, a treble clef staff with a double bar line, and a bass clef staff with a double bar line.

The notation includes various dynamic markings such as *mf*, *f*, *ff*, and *mf*. Articulations include slurs, grace notes, and accents. Performance instructions like "3" over groups of notes indicate triplets. Measure 20 begins with a treble clef staff in 3/4 time, followed by a bass clef staff in 3/4 time, then a treble clef staff with a double bar line in 3/4 time, a bass clef staff with a double bar line in 3/4 time, a treble clef staff with a double bar line in 3/4 time, and finally a bass clef staff with a double bar line in 3/4 time.

21

 $\text{♩} = 48$

55

Sheet music for a multi-instrument ensemble, page 21, measure 55.

Measure 55: The first four staves are treble clef, 3/4 time, and feature eighth-note patterns with '3' below each note. The dynamics are *mf*. The fifth staff is bass clef, 3/4 time, and contains rests. The sixth staff is treble clef, 3/4 time, with sixteenth-note patterns and a dynamic *f*. The seventh staff is bass clef, 3/4 time, with sixteenth-note patterns and a dynamic *f*.

Measure 21: The first two staves show eighth-note patterns with '3' below each note. The third staff has a dynamic *ff* at measure 10. The fourth staff has a dynamic *ff* at measure 9. The fifth staff has a dynamic *ff* at measure 9. The sixth staff features a 'Slap Tongue' technique, indicated by a bracket and a dynamic *ff* at measure 9. The seventh staff has a dynamic *ff* at measure 3. The eighth staff has a dynamic *ff* at measure 6. The ninth staff has a dynamic *ff* at measure 9, with 'c.l.b.' (coda libera) written above it. The tenth staff has a dynamic *ff* at measure 11. The eleventh staff has a dynamic *ff* at measure 7.

22

 $\text{♩} = 80$

Musical score for six staves, page 22, tempo $\text{♩} = 80$.

The score consists of six staves, likely for a string quartet and piano:

- Staff 1 (Top):** Treble clef, mostly rests with some eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 2:** Treble clef, mostly rests with some eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 3:** Treble clef, mostly rests with some eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 4:** Bass clef, mostly rests with some eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 5:** Bass clef, mostly rests with some eighth-note patterns.
- Staff 6 (Bottom):** Bass clef, mostly rests with some eighth-note patterns.

Dynamics and Instructions:

- Measure 9: **ff**, **mf** (in measure 10).
- Measure 10: **mf** (in measure 11).
- Measure 11: **mf**.
- Measure 12: **f**.
- Measure 13: **Pizz.**, **f**.

Measure Numbers: 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.

23

60

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 23, measure 60. The score consists of six staves. The top two staves are for the piano, with dynamics *f* and *mf*. The third staff is for the strings, featuring eighth-note chords. The fourth staff is for the woodwinds, with dynamics *mf*, *f*, and *f*. The fifth staff is for the brass, with dynamics *mf* and *f*. The bottom staff is for the bassoon, with dynamics *f*, *mp*, *arco*, *mp*, and *poco vibrato*. Measure 60 concludes with a dynamic *mf*.

24

65

Flatterzunge

Musical score page 24, measures 65-70. The score consists of six staves:

- Staff 1:** Treble clef. Dynamics: *mf*, *Gliss.*, *mf*, *3*, *3*, *mf*, *f*, *f*, *mf*. Performance technique: *Flatterzunge*.
- Staff 2:** Treble clef. Dynamics: *mf*, *3*, *3*, *mf*, *3*, *mf*, *pp*.
- Staff 3:** Bass clef. Dynamics: *f*, *f*, *mf*.
- Staff 4:** Treble clef. Dynamics: *mf*.
- Staff 5:** Treble clef. Dynamics: *mp*.
- Staff 6:** Bass clef. Dynamics: *mp*.

Measure 65 starts with a rest followed by a melodic line with a *Gliss.* and a *mf* dynamic. Measure 66 begins with a *mf* dynamic and a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 67 continues with a *mf* dynamic and a sixteenth-note pattern, labeled *Flatterzunge*. Measure 68 consists of rests. Measure 69 features a sustained note with a grace note and a *mf* dynamic. Measure 70 concludes with a *pp* dynamic.

25

69

Flatterz.

Musical score for piano, page 25, measures 69-70. The score consists of five staves. Measures 69 and 70 are separated by a vertical bar line. Measure 69 starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It contains six measures of music. Measure 1 begins with a single note followed by a rest. Measure 2 features eighth-note patterns with dynamics *mf*, *f*, and *mp*. Measure 3 shows sixteenth-note patterns with dynamics *mp* and *mf*. Measure 4 includes eighth-note patterns with dynamics *mf* and *mp*. Measure 5 concludes with eighth-note patterns and dynamics *mf*. Measure 6 begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. It features sustained notes and dynamics *mp* throughout. Measure 7 continues with sustained notes and dynamics *mp*.

26

72

72

f *sfz* *3f* *ff* *mf* *ff* *mf* *ff* *(mf)* (6) *mf* *7* *3* *mf* *ff*

sul Pont. *mp* *mf* *mp* *mf*

sul Pont. *mp* *mf* *mp* *mf*

27

75

f

ff

mf

ff

f

(132)

ff

mf

f

ff

c.l.b.

f

ff

mf

ff

mf

28

Musical score page 28, featuring six staves of music. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f*, *ff*, *fff*, *cresc.*, *sputato*, and *sfz*. Performance instructions include slurs, grace notes, and specific fingerings indicated by the number '3'. Measure numbers 28, 78, and 118 are marked above the staves. The bass staff features a prominent eighth-note pattern throughout the page.

$\text{♩} = 48$

29

fff

fff 10 11

(21) *fff* 9 9 7

fff *fff* # 9 7 6

sforzando *fff* 9 7 7 6

ff *Gliss.* 3

sul Pont. *ff* *Tam-tam* *pp* *mf*

c.l.b. *ffff* 7 9 7 11 7 7 6

30

10 9 7

fff

82

f *mf* *p*

9 6

fff

f *mf* *p*

fff *ff* *f*

3 *3*

8vb *lasc. vib.*

3 *3*

f *ff*

3 *(-)*

6 6

fff

f *mf* *p*

9 7

fff

f *mf* *p*

7

fff

f *mf* *p*

pp

31

84
0" S.M. [♩ = 84]

20"

T

ff

sputato (muta a Clarinete Bajo)

sfs (61)

ff

(tañir las cuerdas)

lasc.vib.

f

ff

Flatterzunge

mp < *mf* >

3 *3* *3*

f

simile *lasc.vib.*

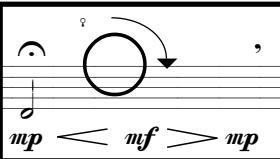
f

sempre

Pizz.

Gran cassa

= Pelota de goma dura



(describiendo círculos irregulares sobre la membrana-resaltar los armónicos superiores)

32

Whistle tone

0" *mp*

ca. 25"

mf (21) *ff* *sim.* *f* *fff* *ff* *f* *p*

(22) → *Tam-tam* *mp* *f* *lasc. vib.*

arco *Gliss.* *sul A* *mf* *f* *pp* *mp* *pp*

This musical score page contains six staves of music. The top staff uses treble clef and has a dynamic of *mp*. It features a 'Whistle tone' instruction with a specific fingering pattern. The second staff uses a bass clef and includes a dynamic of *mf*. The third staff uses a bass clef and includes dynamics of *ff*, *sim.*, *f*, *fff*, *ff*, *f*, and *p*. The fourth staff uses a bass clef and includes a dynamic of *ff*. The fifth staff uses a bass clef and includes a dynamic of *mp*. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and includes dynamics of *arco*, *Gliss.*, *sul A*, *mf*, *f*, and *pp*. There are also performance instructions like '(redoblando concéntrica y excéntricamente)' and 'lasc. vib.' associated with the Tam-tam and vibraphone staves respectively. The page is numbered 32 at the top right and includes a time signature of 0". A duration of 'ca. 25"' is indicated at the top right. Measure numbers (21) and (22) are marked with arrows indicating a repeat or continuation.

$\text{♩} = 84$ *Presto agitato*

33

86

legato sempre

legato sempre

\sharp (21)

f *pp*

ben marcato

mf

lasc. vib.

(cepillos de madera)

S.M.

Gran cassa *p* *mp* *< mf >* *p* *< mf*

marcatissimo

ord. *mf*

marcatissimo

ord. *mp*

33

ritmo rubatto fluctuante y nervioso, variando el color según el ductus general de los demás instrumentistas

34

90

Musical score for two staves, measures 34 and 90.

Measure 34: The first staff starts with a rest followed by six eighth-note pairs (mf, 3). The second staff starts with a rest followed by six eighth-note pairs (mf, 3). The third staff begins with a sixteenth-note pair (3), followed by a five-note group (5), and then a sixteenth-note pair (3). The dynamic is *fff*.

Measure 90: The first staff consists of six eighth-note pairs (3). The second staff consists of six eighth-note pairs (3). The third staff begins with a sixteenth-note pair (3), followed by a five-note group (5) (ff), and then a sixteenth-note pair (3).

The score concludes with a wavy line and a fermata over the third staff, followed by a measure separator and a blank measure.

35

Musical score page 35, featuring six staves of music for different instruments. The score includes:

- Top Staff:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), 3/4 time. Measures show eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs.
- Second Staff:** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), 3/4 time. Measures show eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs.
- Third Staff:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), 3/4 time. Measures show eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. Dynamics include ***ff*** and ***mf***.
- Fourth Staff:** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), 3/4 time. Measures show eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. Dynamics include ***f***.
- Vibráfono (Fifth Staff):** Treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), 3/4 time. Measures show eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. Dynamics include ***f*** and ***ff***.
- Bottom Staff:** Bass clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), 3/4 time. Measures show eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. Dynamics include ***f*** and ***mp***.

Measure numbers 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 are indicated above each staff. Measure numbers 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 are indicated below each staff. Measure numbers 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 are indicated below each staff. Measure numbers 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 are indicated below each staff. Measure numbers 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 are indicated below each staff. Measure numbers 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 are indicated below each staff.

36

94

♩ = 60

(sonido de llaves asincrónico)

famélico

♩ = 76

mf 3

mf 3

f

f

fffff

Snare Dr.

(sin Bordona-frotando la membrana)

p —————— mf —————— pp

famélico

(solo aire)

mf —————— pp

senza vibr.

mf

37

100

100

voz gutural

(sonido "sucio") Flatterzunge

Gliss.

sputato

sfz

(-1) (anulando voces del acorde)

(-2)

(-3)

(-4)

(con el dorso de la baqueta)

Ride 22'''

lasc.vib.

15'''

lasc.vib.

(dorso de baqueta)

{R.S.}

Snare Dr.

mf

mp

poco vibrato

diminuendo

Flatterz.

p

Gliss. *sim.*

(61)

mp

mf

p

mf

sffz

mf

*(sobre las cuerdas
- con la lengüeta)*

Gliss.

f

lasc. vib.

con Bordona

Bass Tom

p

mf

lasc. vib.

molto vibrato

pp

molto vibrato

39

Flatterz.

p

Gliss.

sim.

mf

Flatterz.

p

Flatterz.

tr.

mp

f

mf

mf

sfz

f

p

ppp

(cambia baquetas)

Tom Med. *mp*

mf

Cowbell

Bass Dr.

pp

mf

molto vibrato

Gliss.

fp

pp

molto vibrato

sul D

Gliss.

fp

110

S.M.

[ca. 20 - 30"]

pp

tr *sim.* *mp*

Ghiss. *Flatterz.* *pp*

I. Consternado se dirige tocando fragmentada pero libremente hacia la Cellista

III. El pianista se dirige al saxofonista tocando y le entrega una máscara, luego da media vuelta y se aleja.

II. El baterista "comenta" la acción final sugiriendo nuevos y sutiles impulsos

V. Se sienta omnubilado a los pies de la cellista tras dejar de tocar y ponerse la máscara

Vibráfono arco *pp* *mf* *lasc.vib.*

molto vibrato *sul D* *Gliss.* *p* *molto vibrato* *fp* *pp* **FINE**

IV. La Cellista lo "arrulla" con su cantilena encantándolo lírica y emotivamente

(repite un par de veces el último episodio en continuo ritardando)